

Wyvern Academy

Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy

As a trust, our ethos is encompassed in our vision statement

‘Making Lives Better’

and we commit to doing this through:



KINDNESS



COLLABORATION



CREATIVITY

Reviewed by:
Adopted:

Trust Board
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Reviewed by :
Adopted:

Local Governing Board
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1 Definitions

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined in Working Together to Safeguard Children 2026 as:

- providing help and support to meet the needs of children as soon as problems emerge.
- protecting children from maltreatment, whether that is within or outside the home, including online.
- preventing impairment of children's mental and physical health or development.
- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care.
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.

Child Protection is part of safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and is defined in Working Together to Safeguard Children as activity that is undertaken to protect specific children who are suspected to be suffering, or likely to suffer, significant harm. This includes harm that occurs inside or outside the home, including in foster care and residential care, as well as online.

2 Introduction

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. 'Children' includes all pupils at Wyvern through to 19.

At Wyvern Academy

- Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. Everyone who encounters children, their families, and carers, has a role to play.
- To fulfil this responsibility effectively, all professionals should make sure their approach is child centred. This means that they should always consider what is in the best interests of the child.
- We take an 'it can happen here' approach where safeguarding is concerned.
- Everyone who encounters children has a role to play in identifying concerns, sharing information, and taking prompt action.
- Victims of harm should never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting abuse, sexual violence, or sexual harassment. Nor should a victim ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report.

Wyvern Academy is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children by:

- The provision of a safe environment in which children and young people can learn.
- Acting on concerns about a child's welfare immediately.
- Fulfilling our legal responsibilities to identify children who may need early help or who are suffering, or are likely to suffer, significant harm.

All action taken by **Wyvern Academy** will be in accordance with current legislation and guidance. The following safeguarding legislation and guidance has been considered when drafting this policy:

- [Education Act 2002 Section 157 \(Independent schools incl Academies and CTC's\)](#)
- [The Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006](#)
- [Teachers' Standards \(Guidance for school leaders, school staff and governing bodies\)](#)
- [Working Together to Safeguard Children](#)
- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)
- [Information Sharing 2024](#)
- [What to do if you're worried a child is being abused](#)
- [Filtering and monitoring standards in schools and colleges \(DfE\)](#)
- [Use of reasonable force and other restrictive interventions guidance](#)
- [Working together to improve school attendance](#)
- [ID checking guidelines for Standard/Enhanced DBS check applications from 22 April 2025 - GOV.UK](#)
- [Early years foundation stage \(EYFS\) statutory framework - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#) Section 3 of the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) statutory framework should be read alongside this policy and Keeping

Children Safe in Education where children aged 0 to 5 attend school-based nurseries or reception classes (KCSIE 2026).

- Local Guidance from the Local Safeguarding Children Partnership: [Dorset SCP Library](#) [BCP Safeguarding Children Partnership](#) [Portsmouth Safeguarding Children Partnership](#)
- [Prevent duty guidance: England and Wales \(2023\) - GOV.UK](#)
- [Generative artificial intelligence \(AI\) in education - GOV.UK](#)

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Safer Recruitment Policy
- Allegations of Abuse Against Staff Policy
- Whistleblowing
- Code of Conduct
- Behaviour (which should include measures to prevent child on child bullying, harmful sexual behaviour including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying, and suspensions and exclusions)
- Online-Safety
- Attendance (including the safeguarding response to children who are absent or are missing from education)
- Health and Safety
- Mobile phone policy

Through regular monitoring the Headteacher will ensure that the above policies and procedures, adopted by governing bodies and proprietors, are accessible, understood and followed by all staff.

3 Overall aims

This policy will contribute to the safeguarding of children at **Wyvern Academy** by:

- Clarifying safeguarding expectations for members of the education setting's community, staff, volunteers, governing body, learners, and their families.
- Contributing to the establishment of a safe, resilient, and robust safeguarding culture built on shared values; ensuring our learners are treated with respect and dignity, taught to treat each other and staff with respect, feel safe, have a voice, and are listened to.
- Understanding extra-familial risks, recognising that the school site can be a location where harm can occur.
- Setting expectations for developing knowledge and skills within the school community (staff, learners, parents/carers) to the signs and indicators of safeguarding issues and how to respond to them.
- Early identification of need for vulnerable learners and provision of proportionate interventions to promote their welfare and safety.
- Working in partnership with learners, parents, and other agencies in the Local Safeguarding Partnership including Early Help/Family Help.

Wyvern Academy is named as a relevant agency in the Local Safeguarding Partnership. This policy sets out its statutory duty to co-operate, follow and comply with published arrangements as set out by the Safeguarding Children Partnership's professional expectations, roles, and responsibilities.

4 Professional expectations, roles and responsibilities

Role of all staff

- All staff will read and understand Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education (2026) in full. Those working directly with children will also read Annex A (Further information).
- In addition to this all staff will be aware of the systems in place which support safeguarding including reading this Safeguarding/Child Protection Policy; the Behaviour Policy and the Staff Behaviour Policy (code of conduct).
- Know who and how to contact the DSL and any deputies, the Chair of Governors, and the Governor responsible for safeguarding.

- All staff will be able to identify vulnerable learners and take action to keep them safe. Information or concerns about learners will be shared with the DSL where it includes those:
 - who may need a social worker and may be experiencing abuse or neglect.
 - requiring mental health support.
 - may benefit from early help.
 - where there is a radicalisation concern.
 - where a crime may have been committed.
- Be clear as to the setting's policy and procedures about child on child abuse, children missing or absent from education and those requiring mental health support, and the impact of technology in relation to online safety including online filtering and monitoring processes.
- Be involved where appropriate, in the implementation of individual plans to further safeguard vulnerable learners and understand their academic progress and attainment and maintain a culture of high aspirations for this cohort.
- Record concerns appropriately and in a timely manner by using the setting's safeguarding systems.
- Be aware of the need to raise to the senior leadership team any concerns they have about safeguarding practices within the school.

Wyvern Academy is aware that some children may be particularly vulnerable and have an increased risk of abuse. Wyvern Academy will recognise that children with SEND or certain health conditions are three times more likely to be abused by their peers, can face additional safeguarding challenges and may be more prone to child-on-child group isolation or bullying (including prejudice-based bullying) than other children. Wyvern Academy will consider extra pastoral support for those children.

Role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and Deputies (DDSL)

Duties are further outlined in Keeping Children Safe in Education (2026, Annex B)

Details of our DSL and Deputy DSL and how to contact them are available on the **Wyvern Academy** website, our newsletters, the notice board in reception and on posters throughout the school as well as in the Appendix of this policy.

The DSL is a senior member of staff who undertakes lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection within school.

- The DSL (and any deputies) have undertaken Level 3 Safeguarding Training provided through the Pan Dorset Children Safeguarding Partnership.
- The DSL works with the Headteacher, and relevant strategic leads, taking lead responsibility for promoting educational outcomes by knowing the welfare, safeguarding and child protection issues that learners in need are experiencing or have experienced, and identifying the impact that these issues might be having on learner's attendance, engagement and achievement at school or college.
- Activities include the management of work undertaken by any Deputy DSLs.
- The DSL manages early identification of vulnerability of learners and their families, from staff, through cause for concerns or notifications. This will ensure detailed, accurate, secure written records of concerns and referrals.
- Referrals to local safeguarding partners are managed by the DSL. Referrals are for learners with additional needs that have been identified. These can include those
 - who need a social worker and may be experiencing abuse or neglect.
 - requiring mental health support.
 - who may benefit from early help/family help.
 - where there is a radicalisation concern.
 - where a crime may have been committed.

The DSL will also:

- Work with others – acting as a point of contact for outside agencies about safeguarding.
- Support and advise other staff in making referrals to other agencies.
- When required, liaise with the case manager and the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) Service in relation to child protection cases which concern a staff member.

- Coordinate regular safeguarding training and updates and raise awareness and understanding in the school community around policies and practice for safeguarding.
- Help promote educational outcomes by sharing information about vulnerable learners with relevant staff. This includes ensuring that staff:
 - know who these children are.
 - understand their academic progress and attainment and maintain a culture of high aspirations for this cohort.
 - are supported to identify the challenges that children in this group might face.
 - provide additional academic support or make reasonable adjustments to help children who have or have had a social worker to reach their potential.
- Ensure the secure transfer of the Child Protection File when a child moves to a new setting - within 5 days for in year transfer or the first 5 days of the start of a new term.
- Arrange adequate and appropriate cover arrangements for any out of hours/out of term activities, e.g. attendance at Strategy and Initial Child Protection Conferences out of term time and share out of term time contact details with the Local Authority
- Work with the SLT member who has lead responsibility filtering and monitoring systems to monitor and ensure their effectiveness and know how to escalate concerns when identified. Support the filtering and monitoring lead in conducting an annual review on filtering and monitoring which is presented to governors.
- Support the role and duties of the named lead for health, safety and site security.

Role of the Governing Body

Duties are further outlined in Keeping Children Safe in Education (2026, Part 2)

There is a senior board level lead who takes responsibility for the setting's safeguarding responsibility to ensure that safeguarding and child protection practice, process, and policy (including online safety) is effective and is compliant with legislation, statutory guidance, and Local Safeguarding Partnership arrangements.

- The appointed Safeguarding Governor will liaise with the Headteacher and the DSL to produce an annual report for governors and complete the annual S175/157 safeguarding audit from Dorset Council.
- Ensure that the school remedies any actions brought to its attention without delay.
- Ensure that this document is updated annually (or when there are significant updates).
- Ensure that the DSL is an appropriate member of the school's senior leadership team and ensure that they have the appropriate status, authority, skills and experience within the school to carry out the duties of the post.
- Ensure that they attend Dorset Safeguarding Children Partnership training and that safeguarding learning for the school community is robust and effective.
- Ensure that learners are taught about safeguarding including online safety in compliance with statutory guidance Relationships and sex education (RSE) and health education - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) and [Delete as appropriate] Early years foundation stage (EYFS) statutory framework - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)
- Ensure that teachers, including supply teachers, trainee teachers, other staff, volunteers, and contractors have appropriate checks carried out in line with statutory guidance Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE 2026, Part 3).
- Ensure that there are procedures in place to manage safeguarding concerns or allegations against teachers, including supply teachers, other staff, volunteers, and contractors who may not be suitable to work with or pose a risk to learners, this includes having a process to manage low level concerns.
- Ensure that systems are in place for learners to effectively share a concern about a safeguarding issue they are experiencing, express their views and give feedback.
- Ensure that the setting has systems in place to prevent, identify and respond to child-on-child harm (including sexual abuse and sexual harassment) and mental health concerns, and review the effectiveness of the setting's online safety practices including filtering and monitoring.
- Appoint a designated teacher to promote the educational achievement for children in care and other care arrangements.
- Receive a filtering and monitoring assurance report, at least annually, and review the effectiveness of arrangements.

5 Safeguarding training for staff

Governing bodies and proprietors will ensure that all staff members undergo safeguarding and child protection (including online safety) training at induction. The National College Certificate in Safeguarding for Staff/Dorset Safeguarding Child Partnership is the training used at the school, this is on a three year cycle with an in-school update and an external provider on rotation.

All staff:

- Will receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection (including online safety) refresher training at least annually (via formal training, email e-bulletins and staff meetings).
- Must complete Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) awareness training (included in the Safeguarding Certificate for Staff) and will understand their legal duty under the Mandatory Reporting Duty.
- Must complete PREVENT awareness training bi-annually. This is to ensure that they can comply with the legal expectations under the PREVENT duty.
- Will receive training which includes clear reference to staff codes of behaviour and professional boundaries, and on the reporting of low-level concerns, internal whistleblowing policy and guidance for escalation. All staff should receive training on the expectations, applicable roles and responsibilities in relation to filtering and monitoring.

As a special school supporting children with severe learning difficulties, profound and multiple learning difficulties and complex autism, there are additional factors that our staff need to be aware of, and are addressed through our training:

- Record keeping is a key aspect of safeguarding work; however, staff should be aware that it is even more important in a setting like Wyvern.
- Injuries to our pupils need to be viewed in the context of their abilities, e.g. it is highly unusual for non-independently mobile children to suffer bruising. To this end a copy of the Dorset Safeguarding Children Boards' protocol "Bruising, bleeding, fractures and possible injuries in Children who are Not Independently Mobile" is discussed with staff as a part of our safeguarding staff meetings cycle.
- If a safeguarding concern results in further investigations, it is essential that the communication needs of the child are considered.
- Patterns of attendance amongst this population of pupils are idiosyncratic and so a detailed knowledge of attendance history is essential context.
- We have a higher-than-average proportion of looked after children and so inter agency information sharing is of paramount importance.
- Our pupils may have complex medical or healthcare needs and as such extra vigilance is required in relation to control of medication, correct procedure and potential incidence of FII (fabricated or induced illness)
- Matters of bullying may also be set in a context of challenging behaviour or idiosyncratic behaviours associated with pupils' conditions which may also need to be considered in the school's response.

Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputies:

- Will undergo formal training provided by the Dorset Safeguarding Children's Partnership to provide them with the knowledge and skills and training (including online safety) required to carry out the role. The training will be updated every two years.
- Deputies will be trained to the same level as the DSL.
- The DSL and any deputies will liaise with the Dorset Safeguarding Children's Partnership and Dorset Education Safeguarding Service to ensure that their knowledge and skills are updated. This could be via e-bulletins, attending DSL network meetings, attending additional training and taking time to read and digest safeguarding developments.

Other training considerations:

- The governing body will ensure that at least one person on any appointment panel will have undertaken safer recruitment training, in line with School Staffing (England) Regulations 2009.

- Members of the senior leadership team will make themselves aware of and understand their role within the local safeguarding arrangements. This will ensure that those who have responsibility for the management of behaviour, inclusion, Special Educational Needs, attendance, and exclusions will carry out their duties with a safeguarding consideration.
- The Designated Teacher for Children in Care will undergo appropriate training to fulfil their role to promote the educational achievement of registered pupils who are in care.
- The Mental health lead has access to appropriate training.
- Staff who are likely to need to use reasonable force and/or other restrictive interventions should be adequately trained in its safe and lawful use and in preventative strategies.
- Governors and trustees receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training at induction.

6 Safeguarding in the Curriculum

Wyvern Academy is dedicated to ensuring that children are taught about how to keep themselves and others safe, including online. We recognise that effective education should be tailored to the specific needs and vulnerabilities of individual children, including children who are victims of abuse, and children with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND). This is part of a broad and balanced curriculum. This includes:

- Working within statutory guidance in respect to [Relationships and sex education \(RSE\) and health education - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-health-education); and [Early years foundation stage \(EYFS\) statutory framework - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/early-years-foundation-stage-eyfs-statutory-framework)
- Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education, to explore key issues at an age-appropriate stage such as:
 - healthy and respectful relationships
 - boundaries and consent
 - stereotyping, prejudice and equality
 - body confidence and self-esteem
 - how to recognise an abusive relationship, including coercive and controlling behaviour
 - the concepts of, and laws relating to - sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, so-called 'honour'-based violence such as forced marriage and FGM, and how to access support, and
 - what constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable.
- A whole-setting preventative education approach that prepares children for life in modern Britain and creates a culture of zero tolerance for sexism, racism, misogyny/misandry, homophobia, biphobia and sexual violence/harassment, derogatory behaviour or other forms of physical violence and conflict.
- Appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place to ensure that 'over- blocking' does not lead to unreasonable restrictions as to what children can be taught about online teaching and safeguarding. (Further information can be found in KCSIE 2026)
- The curriculum will be shaped to respond to safeguarding incident patterns in the setting identified by the DSL and safeguarding team (e.g. to respond to an increase in bullying incidents).
- Providing engagement opportunities with parents and carers to consult on key aspects of the curriculum.
- Enabling learners to inform the curriculum discussions via the school council, pupil voice and student houses.

7 Safer recruitment and safer working practice

Safer recruitment

Wyvern Academy pays full regard to the safer recruitment practices detailed in 'Keeping Children Safe in Education, Part Three' (2026), ensuring we maintain an accurate Single Central Record.

- This includes scrutinising applicants, by verifying identity and academic or vocational qualifications, obtaining professional and character references, checking previous employment history and identifying any gaps within this, and ensuring that a candidate has the health and physical capacity for the job. References are always obtained, scrutinised and concerns resolved satisfactorily before appointment is confirmed.

- It also includes undertaking appropriate checks through the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS), the barred list checks and prohibition checks (and overseas checks if appropriate), dependent on the role and duties performed, including regulated and non-regulated activity. An enhanced DBS with barred list check will be completed for all volunteers taking part in regulated activity in line with The Crime and Policing Act 2026.
- Applicants must provide an application form, and Curriculum Vitae will not be accepted as a stand-alone.
- As a setting we will conduct online searches as part of our due diligence checks on short listed candidates and inform them of this.
- All recruitment materials will include reference to **Wyvern Academy's** commitment to safeguarding and promoting the wellbeing of learners.
- Where applicable, third-party assurances are sought for contractors who are required on site, including identification checks on arrival.
- Under no circumstances will a volunteer/employee/contractor on whom no checks have been obtained be left unsupervised or allowed to work in regulated activity.

Work Experience

Where a person supervising a child on a work experience placement for a child under the age of 16, provides teaching, training, instruction, care or supervision frequently, on more than 3 days in a 30-day period, or overnight, this is regulated activity and an Enhanced DBS with barred list check will be requested (Keeping Children Safe in Education 2026 para 406-7).

Wyvern Academy cannot request an enhanced DBS check with barred list information from a work experience provider for staff supervising children aged 16 to 17; instead, **Wyvern Academy** will seek assurance that the placement provider has appropriate safeguarding policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm, before any placement begins (Keeping Children Safe in Education 2026 para 409).

As part of the placement planning process, good practice for all children and young people, **Wyvern Academy** will explore with the placement provider whether they are aware of any individual within their employment, or otherwise connected with the placement, who may pose a risk to children. **Wyvern Academy** understands that placement providers may be unable to disclose detailed information about individuals who may pose a risk to children due to data protection, confidentiality or employment law considerations. However, the school will seek appropriate assurance that any known risks have been assessed and are being effectively managed, and that robust safeguarding arrangements are in place to protect children throughout the placement. The school will only proceed with a placement where it is satisfied that appropriate measures are in place to mitigate identified risks.

Visitors

All visitors complete a signing in/out process, wear a school ID badge and are provided with key safeguarding information including the contact details of safeguarding personnel in school.

Scheduled visitors in a professional role (e.g. fire officer, police, LA staff) are asked to provide evidence of their role and employment details (usually an identity badge) upon arrival at school. Careful consideration is given to the suitability of any external organisations. Professionals may also be required to provide a letter of assurance from their organisation that safer recruitment checks have been completed.

If the visit is unscheduled and the visitor is unknown to the school, we will contact the relevant organisation to verify the individual's identity and confirm the reason for the visit.

Site Safety

Risk assessments are undertaken and maintained in accordance with the school's health and safety policy. The school ensures that when our premises are hired or rented to other organisations (After School Club, evening and weekend clubs) including shared site providers who work with children, those organisations adhere to the guidance for out-of-school settings. [After-school clubs, community activities and tuition: safeguarding guidance for providers - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/after-school-clubs-community-activities-and-tuition-safeguarding-guidance-for-providers)

Where the school's premises are hired or rented to another organisation **Wyvern Academy** will seek assurance that the provider has appropriate safeguarding and child protection policies and procedures in place, including

inspecting these where needed, and will ensure there are arrangements for the provider to liaise with the school on safeguarding matters. Safeguarding requirements will be included as a condition of use in any lease or hire agreement, and failure to comply with this could lead to termination of that agreement.

Off site visits and exchange visits

We carry out a risk assessment prior to any off-site visit and designate the specific roles and responsibilities of each adult, whether employed or volunteers.

Use of restrictive interventions

At **Wyvern Academy** our aim is to create a safe, secure and supportive environment for all our pupils and staff. There are times when the use of restrictive interventions, including reasonable force and seclusion, is lawful and necessary to keep people safe. However, we understand that the use of restrictive interventions can have a significant impact on pupils, staff and parents/carers. In our school, they are only ever considered as a last resort, once all other prevention and de-escalation strategies have been exhausted.

- The use of reasonable force will be minimised through positive and proactive behaviour support and de-escalation and will follow government guidance [Use of reasonable force and other restrictive interventions guidance](#)
- There is robust recording and reporting of any incident where restrictive interventions including reasonable force and seclusion have been used. Further review of the incident is carried out to reflect on how the incident could be avoided, this will involve the child and their family.
- Further details can be found in our behaviour policy/use of restrictive interventions policy.

Whistleblowing procedures

Staff are aware of the following whistleblowing channels for situations where they feel unable to raise an issue with the senior leadership team or feel that their genuine concerns are not being addressed:

- General guidance can be found at: Advice on whistleblowing <https://www.gov.uk/whistleblowing>.
- The NSPCC whistleblowing helpline is available [here](#) for staff who do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call: 0800 028 0285 – line is available from 8:00 AM to 8:00 PM, Monday to Friday and Email: help@nspcc.org.uk.
- The above channels are clearly accessible to all staff (in the staff handbook, code of conduct and staff notice boards).
- Southern Education Trust's Whistleblowing Policy can be found [here](#).

8 Early Years settings within schools including reception age children

Legal and policy framework

As an early years provider delivering the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS), we are required to meet the specific safeguarding and child protection duties set out in the [Childcare Act 2006](#), the [Early years foundation stage \(EYFS\) statutory framework - GOV.UK](#) and other related statutory guidance

Wyvern Academy will ensure that children taught in nursery/preschool and reception classes are able to learn and develop and are kept safe and healthy so that they are ready for school by providing a safe, secure learning environment that safeguards and promotes their welfare, and takes appropriate action where there are child protection concerns.

Suitable people

When employing early years staff we will follow the school's Safer Recruitment processes to ensure that staff and volunteers who are recruited to work in the early years setting are carefully selected and vetted to ensure they are suitable to work with children and have the relevant qualifications.

We will not allow anyone whose suitability has not been checked, including through a criminal records check, to have unsupervised contact with children being cared for.

Staff policies will apply equally to staff and volunteers in the early years settings, and the school will ensure that they receive proper training and induction so that they are aware of their role and responsibilities, all school policies and the school's expectations regarding conduct and safe teaching practice.

Whenever an allegation is made against a member of staff (including support staff) in the early years setting, we will follow the Managing Allegations Policy. We will also inform Ofsted as soon as possible or within 14 days of any allegations of serious harm or abuse by anyone, working or looking after children at the premises whether the allegations of harm or abuse are alleged to have been committed on the premises or elsewhere, for example, on a visit.

Where early years staff are taking medication that may affect their ability to care for young children, they need to notify the headteacher and seek medical advice. Practitioners will only be allowed to directly work with children if the medical advice received confirms that the medication is unlikely to impair that person's ability to look after children properly. All medication on the premises will be stored securely, and out of reach of children, at all times.

Staff training, skills and supervision

We will ensure that:

- All staff in early years settings have the relevant qualifications and skills for their role and receive the relevant induction, child protection and safeguarding training in line with this policy;
- All early years staff who have contact with children and families will receive supervision that helps them to effectively safeguard children by providing opportunities to discuss any issues – particularly concerning children's development or well-being, including child protection concerns and identify solutions to address issues as they arise.
- All early years staff are able to communicate effectively in English both orally and in writing;
- A member of staff who holds a current paediatric first aid certificate is available on the school premises at all times and accompanies children on school trips;
- Each child in the early years setting has a designated keyworker who liaises with parents to provide individual support for the child.

Staff ratios

We will ensure that:

- Staff levels within the early years setting comply with statutory guidance and can meet the needs of the children, provide suitable levels of supervision and keep them safe;
- Parents are kept informed of staff members and numbers;
- Children are kept within staff sight and hearing at all times.

For before and after school provision, we will decide how many staff will be required for adequate supervision based on the age and needs of the children attending.

Health

We will:

- Promote the health of children attending the early years provision;
- Take necessary steps to stop the spread of infection;
- Administer medicines only in line with the school's policy;
- Take appropriate action where children are ill;
- Ensure any meals provided are nutritious and prepared in a hygienic manner; and
- Notify Ofsted of any serious accident, illness or death of any child whilst attending the early years setting within 14 days.

Health and safety and suitability of premises

We will ensure that all indoor and outdoor spaces and facilities used for early years are safe and fit for purpose and comply with school policies and standards for site safety and health and safety. Additionally, the school will ensure that all potential hazards within the school and during school trips are regularly risk assessed.

We have specific procedures for ensuring that records of parents' details and contact numbers for emergencies are kept up to date and that children are released to the care of their parent or other responsible adult with the parent's consent at the end of the day as well as procedures for dealing with uncollected children.

Managing behaviour

We will take all reasonable steps to ensure that behaviour management techniques are appropriate to the child's age and that corporal punishment is not used or threatened. However, staff will be permitted to use appropriate physical intervention in line with the school policy, local procedures and any plans which will be specific for each child depending on their situation. We will keep a record of any occasion where physical intervention is used and parents/carers will be informed on the same day, or as soon as reasonably practicable.

Attendance

Although statutory attendance requirements apply from the term after a child turns five, we recognise the importance of establishing strong attendance habits from the earliest stages of education. Regular attendance in early years lays the foundation for future learning, wellbeing, and safeguarding.

1. Expectations and Responsibilities

- Parents and carers are expected to ensure that children attend their early years provision regularly and punctually, even if attendance is not yet compulsory.
- We will maintain accurate daily attendance records for all children in our provision.
- Absences should be reported by parents/carers on the first day, with a clear reason provided. Unexplained or prolonged absences will be followed up in line with safeguarding procedures.

2. Safeguarding and Early Intervention

- In line with Keeping Children Safe in Education (2026) and the EYFS statutory framework, persistent or unexplained absence in early years may be treated as a safeguarding concern.
- We will make timely contact with parents and carers and escalate concerns where necessary, including the use of multiple emergency contacts and referrals to external agencies if appropriate.
- Attendance concerns will be addressed through early help processes, with support offered to families to overcome barriers such as routines, transport, or health-related issues.

3. Promoting Positive Attendance

- We will work in partnership with parents to promote the benefits of regular attendance from the outset, using induction meetings, newsletters, and parent workshops to reinforce expectations.
- Staff are trained to recognise the impact of absence in early years and to respond with sensitivity and support.

9 Reporting concerns

All staff are clear about recording and reporting concerns to the DSL/Deputy DSL in a timely way. In the case a learner is in immediate danger, staff should phone the police.

All staff are aware of and follow the procedures to respond to a concern about a child. This includes responses to child-on-child harm and learners who present with a mental health need ([Appendix B](#)).

At **Wyvern Academy** children can raise their concerns with staff and they will be treated seriously. Due to the complexities of the needs of the pupils at Wyvern, many will be likely to struggle to advocate for themselves or make effective disclosures as a result of significant barriers in communication and comprehension. Through working closely with the specialist communication Lead, we aim to ensure all pupils have a voice.

10 Information sharing

Wyvern Academy's is committed to have due regard to relevant data protection principles which allow for sharing (and withholding) personal information as provided for in the Data protection Act 2018, UK General Data Protection Regulations and the Data (Use and Access) Act 2025. This includes how to store and share information for safeguarding purposes, including information which is sensitive and personal and should be treated as 'special category personal data'.

Staff at the setting are aware that:

- 'Safeguarding' and 'individuals at risk' is a processing condition that allows practitioners to share special category personal data.
- They should refer to [Information Sharing for Safeguarding Practitioners 2024](#).

There may be times when it is necessary to share information without consent such as:

- To gain consent would place the child at risk,
- By doing so will compromise a criminal investigation,
- It cannot be reasonably expected that a practitioner gains consent,
- If by sharing information it will enhance the safeguarding of a child in a timely manner, but it is not possible to gain consent.

There are also times when **Wyvern Academy** will not provide pupil's personal data where the serious harm test under legislation is met, (by sharing the information the child may be at further risk). Wyvern Academy will seek legal advice.

The Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. Fears about sharing information must not be allowed to stand in the way of the need to safeguard and promote the welfare and protect the safety of children.

11 Identifying and monitoring the needs of vulnerable learners

The DSL and Deputy DSL will regularly review and monitor those children who have been identified as vulnerable and those children who are potentially at greater risk or harm. This can include reviewing attendance data, behaviour data, attainment data and safeguarding records. This is to ensure that:

- Proportionate and early interventions can be taken to promote the safety and welfare of the child and prevent escalation of harm.
- Information is shared with teachers and school and college leadership staff to promote educational outcomes.
- Learners who currently have, or have had, a social worker, including those in kinship care, will have their academic progress and attainment reviewed and additional academic support will be provided to help them reach their full potential.
- Reasonable adjustments are made in relation to school-based interventions – for example responding to behaviour.

At Wyvern all pupils have been identified as having increased vulnerabilities and are therefore at greater risk of harm.

12 Multi-agency working

We recognise that education providers have daily contact with most children and families, and we are uniquely placed to identify concerns and work with partners to address them early.

Wyvern Academy will work together with appropriate agencies to safeguard and promote the welfare of children including identifying and responding to their needs. This follows statutory guidance [Working Together to Safeguard Children 2026](#).

All staff are aware of the criteria and process for community-based Family Help assessments including the level of need, for when a case should be referred to Family Help support and services provided at:

- Targeted early help level (under sections 10 and 11 of the Children Act 2004), and
- Statutory services delivered under section 17 of the Children Act 1989 (children in need, including how this applies for disabled children)

All staff are aware of the criteria and process, including the level of need, for when a case should be referred to local authority children's social care for assessment and for statutory services under Section 47 of the Children Act 1989 (reasonable cause to suspect a child is suffering or likely to suffer significant harm)

- Section 31 of the Children Act 1989 (care and supervision orders), and
- Section 20 of the Children Act 1989 (duty to accommodate a child)

Referrals in these cases should be made by the DSL (or Deputy DSL) to Children's Social Care in the Local Authority in which that child resides.

Wyvern Academy will co-operate with any statutory safeguarding assessments conducted by children's social care: this includes providing written reports and ensuring representation at inter-agency meetings such as integrated support plan meetings, initial and review child protection conferences and core group meetings.

Additional considerations:

- Where a learner and/or their family is subject to an inter-agency child protection plan or a multiagency risk assessment conference (MARAC) meeting, the setting will contribute to the preparation, implementation, and review of the plan as appropriate.
- In situations where a child in care may be put on to part-time timetable, the school will consult with relevant agencies and the virtual school.
- If a crime has been suspected or committed that involved the bringing of an offensive weapon on to the school site, the setting will liaise with the Police who will consider a proportionate response.
- If there is a risk of harm, the police should be called via 999. For other concerns of criminality, the non-statutory guidance [when-to-call-the-police--guidance-for-schools-and-colleges.pdf](#) ([npcc.police.uk](#)) can be helpful or contact the local PCSO/School Link Officer/Neighbourhood Team.

13 Suspensions, permanent exclusions and the use of alternative provisions

(To be read in conjunction with the Behaviour Policy)

Wyvern Academy recognises that children who are suspended or permanently excluded may be vulnerable to a range of safeguarding concerns and that such actions can increase a child's risk of harm, exploitation, poor mental health, serious violence, criminal involvement, and becoming missing from education.

The school will ensure that safeguarding remains central to all decision-making relating to suspensions and permanent exclusions. Staff will consider whether a child's behaviour may be an indicator of unmet safeguarding needs, abuse, neglect, exploitation, trauma, mental health concerns, family difficulties, or special educational needs and disabilities (SEND).

Wyvern Academy will exercise their legal duties in relation to their interventions. This includes:

- whether a statutory assessment should be considered in line with the principles of [Children Act 1989](#),
- that decisions are made in an anti-discriminatory manner in line with the [Equality Act 2010](#) (including having regard to the [SEND Code of Practice](#))
- and takes into consideration the learner's rights under the [Human Rights Act 1998](#).
- Interventions will be consistent with statutory guidance [School suspensions and permanent exclusions - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

Actions to take

- Ensure safeguarding considerations form part of all decision-making processes.
- Consider whether behaviour is linked to an underlying safeguarding concern or unmet need.
- Involve the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) where safeguarding concerns are identified, suspected, or known.
- Consider whether Early Help, Children's Social Care, mental health support, or other multi-agency interventions are required.
- Notify the Virtual School of a suspension or permanent exclusion of a Looked After Child
- Remain alert to the heightened risk of children who are suspended or permanently excluded becoming missing from education, experiencing child criminal exploitation, child sexual exploitation, or becoming involved in serious violence.
- Work collaboratively with parents/carers, the local authority, alternative providers, and other relevant agencies to promote the child's safety and welfare.

- Ensure that safeguarding arrangements remain effective throughout any suspension period and during transitions to alternative provision or other educational settings.
- Transfer child protection records, safeguarding files, risk assessments, and any other relevant welfare information securely and without delay when a child moves to another education provider following permanent exclusion.

The school acknowledges that a permanent exclusion should never be viewed solely as a behaviour matter and will take all reasonable steps to identify, assess, and address any underlying safeguarding vulnerabilities affecting the child.

Commissioning Alternative Provisions

When commissioning Alternative Provision we will have regard to statutory and non-statutory guidance:

[Alternative provision - GOV.UK](#)

[Non-school alternative provision: voluntary national standards - GOV.UK](#)

[Education for children with health needs who cannot attend school - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

In accordance with KCSIE 2026, if a pupil who is on role at Wyvern Academy, attends an alternative provision, we will continue to be responsible for the safeguarding of that pupil and ensure that we are satisfied that the provision is meeting the needs of the pupil.

Before one of our pupils attends an alternative provision, we will obtain written confirmation that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out on individuals working at the establishment, i.e. those checks that we would otherwise perform in respect of our own staff. The school will remind the provider of their duty to notify us of any staff changes or risks.

We understand that good practice highlights the importance of a member of school staff visiting the setting before placement is confirmed, to meet the provider, carry out visual checks and complete an individual placement plan and agreement.

We will ensure there is a clear agreement of roles and responsibilities to maintain safeguarding and daily monitoring of attendance arrangements for learners who are not taught on site.

An accurate record will be kept of where the child is, including all sites attended through alternative provision.

When a child who is on role at **Wyvern Academy** is attending an alternative provision, half-termly visits will be undertaken by a member of school staff to see that child to ensure the safety and suitability of the provision.

Where possible, we will always look to use an alternative provision that is commissioned through the Trust Extended Learning team or the relevant Local Authority's approved provider list.

If a safeguarding concern arises for a child within alternative provision, the school will look to immediately review or end the placement.

14 Children Missing Education (CME)

(To be read in conjunction with the Attendance Policy.)

A learner missing or absent from education is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect, or maybe an indicator of need for early help support. Staff should follow procedures for unauthorised absence and for dealing with children that go missing or are absent from education, particularly on repeat occasions.

Wyvern Academy will follow the guidance detailed in [Children Missing Education \(2016\)](#), [Working together to improve school attendance 2026](#) and Dorset Council's policy for Children Missing from Education. We will comply with submitting attendance returns to the Local Authority within the agreed timescales.

This will include notifying the local authority in which the child lives:

- of any pupil who fails to attend school regularly,
- or has been absent without the school's permission for a continuous period of 10 school days or more,

- or who has been recorded with code I (illness) and who the school has reasonable grounds to believe will miss 15 days consecutively or cumulatively because of sickness.

Elective Home Education

Where a parent/carers has expressed their intention to remove a child from school with a view to educating at home, **Wyvern Academy** and other key professionals will work together to coordinate a meeting with parents/carers where possible. This would be before a final decision has been made, to ensure the parents/carers have considered what is in the best interests of each child. This is particularly important where a child has special educational needs or a disability, and/or has a social worker, and/or is otherwise vulnerable. Where a child is subject to a child protection plan or has an Education, Health and Care plan this will need to be reviewed with the local authority, working closely with parents and carers.

In accordance with the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 **Wyvern Academy** will notify the Local Authority when a pupil's name is deleted from the admission register. Safeguarding concerns will be shared with Dorset Attendance and Inclusion Service and where required the school will contact the Children's Services in line with the Children Act 1989.

15 Responding to allegations of abuse made against adults working in the setting

This section should be read in conjunction with Southern Education Trust's Managing Allegations policy.

Staff must report any concerns or allegations about a professional's behaviour (including supply staff, trainee teachers, volunteers, and contractors and those from organisations or individuals using the school premises) where they may have:

- behaved in a way that has harmed a child or may have harmed a child.
- possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child.
- behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children; or
- behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.

On being advised of an allegation which meets any or all of the above criteria, the designated safeguarding lead/headteacher should contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) within **ONE working day**.

Immediate action must be taken:

- Do not speak to the individual it concerns.
- Allegations or concerns about colleagues and visitors must be reported directly to the Head Teacher who will follow guidance in Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE 2026, Part four: Safeguarding concerns or allegations made about staff, including supply teachers, trainee teachers, volunteers and contractors).
- If the concern relates to the Headteacher it should be reported to the Chair of Governors or the CEO, who will liaise with the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) and they will decide on any action required.
- If there is a conflict of interest which inhibits this process of reporting, staff can report directly to the LADO.
- If allegations are regarding a member of supply staff, the school will take the lead and progress enquiries with the LADO, whilst continuing to engage and work with the employment agency.
- Where allegations concern a trainee teacher, the school will progress the matter with the LADO in the same way as for any other member of staff, while continuing to liaise with the initial teacher training (ITT) provider (KCSIE 2026, Part Four).
- Allegations regarding foster carers should be referred to the LADO on the day that the allegation is reported. The allocated social worker should also be informed on the day. The school should not undertake any investigation unless the LADO advises this.

Low level concerns

This should be read in conjunction with the staff code of conduct and Keeping Children Safe in Education (2026). A low-level concern is not insignificant. This process should be used in events where a concern about professional conduct does not meet the threshold set out at the beginning of this section.

The setting provides a clear procedure for sharing low level concerns. This forms part of the Managing Allegations Policy.

- Reports should be made to the DSL (or the head teacher).
- **Wyvern Academy** creates an environment where staff are encouraged and feel confident to self-refer where they have found themselves in a situation.
- The DSL/headteacher will address unprofessional behaviour and support the individual to correct it at an early stage providing a responsive, sensitive, and proportionate handling of such concerns when they are raised.
- The DSL will review and correct any deficits in the setting's safeguarding system.

16 Children at greater risk of harm

Whilst all children should be protected, all staff and governors recognise that some groups of children are potentially at greater risk of harm than others (both online and offline). The list below is not exhaustive but highlights some of those groups.

- Children who need a social worker
- Children who are absent from education
- Elective Home Education
- Children requiring mental health support
- Looked after children and previously looked after children
- Care leavers
- Young carers
- Children in the court system
- Children affected by parental offending/imprisonment.
- Children in Kinship Care
- Children with special educational needs, disabilities or health issues
- Children with medical conditions
- Children who are lesbian, gay or bisexual
- Children who are questioning their gender

All pupils at Wyvern have been identified as being at a greater risk of harm

There are also specific areas of safeguarding that can impact on children and families and their ability to keep safe:

- Child Exploitation- including both Child Sexual Exploitation and Child Criminal Exploitation and county lines, modern day slavery and trafficking
- Cybercrime
- Domestic Abuse
- Homelessness
- Honour or faith-based abuse (including Female Genital Mutilation and Forced Marriage),
- Online Safety
- Mental health
- Child on child abuse
- Radicalisation
- Serious Youth Violence
- Substance Misuse
- Private Fostering

Additional information about key safeguarding areas can also be found in Keeping Children Safe in Education Annex A (DfE 2026) and the [NSPCC website - Types of Abuse](#).

Localised resources for education settings can be accessed through our Local Authority Safeguarding Children's Partnership and Safeguarding Service.

17 Responding to incidents of child-on-child abuse (including harassment and violence) and extra-familial safeguarding concerns

Child-on-child abuse

All children have a right to attend school and learn in a safe environment. All child-on-child abuse is unacceptable and will be taken seriously. In addition, we have a zero-tolerance approach and will respond to all reports and

concerns of child-on-child abuse and child-on-child sexual violence and sexual harassment, including those that have happened outside of the school, and/or online.

Child-on-child abuse is not tolerated, passed off as “banter” or seen as “part of growing up”. The different forms of child-on-child abuse is likely to include, but not limited to:

- bullying (including cyber bullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying)
- abuse in intimate personal relationships between peers (teenage relationship abuse)
- physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling or otherwise causing physical harm
- physical assault and harm, or the threat of harm with a weapon
- harmful sexual behaviour, sexual violence and sexual harassment – which may include misogyny/misandry.
- consensual and non-consensual making or sharing of nudes and semi nudes, including those generated using AI
- Upskirting, which typically involves taking a picture under a person’s clothing without their permission, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or cause the victim humiliation, distress, or alarm.
- causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent
- initiation/hazing type violence and rituals.

We recognise that, for some (but not all) forms of child-on-child abuse, it is more likely that girls will be victims and boys perpetrators; however, all child-on-child abuse is unacceptable and will be taken seriously regardless of the sex of those involved (KCSIE 2026, para 193).

Child-on-child abuse is a safeguarding issue for both the victim and the alleged perpetrator, who may themselves need support; it is preventable, and staff have a responsibility to report any concerns to the DSL regardless of whether the incident happened on or off site.

Sexual harassment and violence between children can be linked to wider cultures of misogyny; **Wyvern Academy** will consider this link when planning its curriculum and pastoral response.

Consequently, child-on-child abuse is dealt with as a safeguarding issue and recorded as such.

- Any child who may have been victimised and/or displayed such harmful behaviours, along with any other child affected by child-on-child abuse, will be supported through the setting’s safeguarding team and pastoral system and the support will be regularly monitored and reviewed.
- We will address inappropriate behaviour (even if it appears to be relatively innocuous) as this can be an important intervention that may help prevent problematic, abusive and/or violent behaviour in the future.
- We acknowledge that even if there are no reported cases of child-on-child abuse, such abuse may still be taking place and is simply not being reported. Staff maintain an attitude of ‘it could happen here’ where safeguarding is concerned.

We minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse by providing:

- a relevant, effective curriculum, that helps children to develop their understanding of acceptable behaviours, healthy relationships and keeping themselves safe. The curriculum is updated to reflect changes in legislation, and the mandatory teaching of Relationship Education, Relationship and Sex Education and Health Education,
- established/publicised systems for children to raise concerns with staff, knowing they will be listened to, supported and valued, and that the issues they raise will be taken seriously,
- training to all staff so they understand that child-on-child abuse can and does happen and are trained to be alert to any behaviours that could cause concern,
- a clear procedure for all staff to report all incidents as a safeguarding concern to the school DSL/ Deputy DSL.

Wyvern Academy is aware that some children may be particularly vulnerable and have an increased risk of abuse. Wyvern Academy will recognise that children with SEND or certain health conditions are more likely to be abused by their peers, can face additional safeguarding challenges and may be more prone to child-on-child

group isolation or bullying (including prejudice-based bullying) than other children. Wyvern Academy will consider extra pastoral support for those children.

Child-on-child sexual harassment and sexual violence

The DSL will follow local and national guidance when there has been signs, reports or concerns of Harmful Sexual Behaviour (HSB), child-on-child sexual harassment and sexual violence having due regard of Part 5 of Keeping Children Safe in Education. This will include liaising with other professionals to develop robust risk and needs assessments and multi-agency safety planning with appropriate specialist targeted work for children who are identified as posing a potential risk to other children.

The [Dorset Harmful Sexual Behaviour Protocol – Dorset Safeguarding Children Partnership](#) should be utilised to inform assessment of risk and what actions to subsequently take. Any assessments need to take an extra-familial safeguarding approach to consider risks posed by any wider environmental factors present in a child's life. The DSL will record specifically the time and location of the incident, and any action required to make the location safer.

Wyvern Academy will consider sexual harassment in broad terms. Sexual harassment creates a culture that, if not challenged, can normalise inappropriate behaviours and provide an environment that may lead to sexual violence.

When an incident involves an act of **sexual violence** (rape, assault by penetration, or sexual assault) the starting point is that this should be passed on to police **regardless** of the age of criminal responsibility (10 years old). This must be reported directly via 101 for recording purposes and accountability. A concurrent referral to social care must also be made.

Where a report includes an online element, we will follow [Searching, screening and confiscation at school - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#) and [Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#). The key consideration is for staff not to view or forward illegal images of a child. The highlighted advice provides more details on what to do when viewing an image is unavoidable.

- The NSPCC has a dedicated helpline 0800 136 663 to provide children who are victims of sexual abuse in schools with appropriate support and advice. The helpline also provides support to parents and professionals.
- The Lucy Faithfull Foundation can provide support to anyone with concerns about child sexual abuse [Helpline - Stop It Now](#)
- The Lucy Faithfull Foundation's, Shore Space, offers a confidential chat service for teenagers worried about sexual behaviour. [Home - Shore](#)

Extra familial safeguarding approach to child-on-child abuse

Wyvern Academy will minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse by understanding extra-familial risks and will increase safety in the contexts of which harm can occur – this can include the school environment itself, peer groups and the neighbourhood.

Following any incidents of child-on-child abuse, the DSL will review and consider whether any practice or environmental changes can be made in relation to any lessons learned. This can include making changes to staffing and supervision, making changes to the physical environment and considering the utilisation and delivery of safeguarding topics in the curriculum.

18 Mental health and wellbeing

Schools and colleges have an important role to play in supporting the mental health and wellbeing of their learners. Mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation, and or may require early help support or the involvement of a more specialist service.

This can include self-harm, signs of an eating disorder, suicidal ideation or suicide. Where a mental health concern may indicate that a child is suffering, or is at risk of suffering, abuse, neglect or exploitation, staff will follow the

setting's usual safeguarding reporting route to the DSL without delay, so the concern can be assessed alongside any other information held about the child.

Wyvern Academy will ensure that preventative measures in terms of providing safeguarding on the curriculum will provide opportunities for learners to identify when they may need help, and to develop resilience.

The setting will take a 'whole school approach' to:

- deliver high-quality teaching around mental health and wellbeing on the curriculum.
- having a culture that promotes mental health and wellbeing;
- having an environment that promotes mental health and wellbeing;
- making sure children and staff are aware of and able to access a range of mental health services;
- supporting staff wellbeing
- And being committed to child and parent participation

Wyvern Academy :

- Has a senior mental health lead who supports the development of knowledge and acts as a point of expertise to promote the wellbeing and mental health of learners. They have sufficient training in mental health **and** safeguarding for them to carry out their role effectively.
- Reviews attendance, behaviour, attainment, and safeguarding records at least on a termly basis to enable early identification of vulnerability to mental health problems
- Ensures that learners can report and share concerns in line with this policy..
- Ensures staff follow a safeguarding process in terms of reporting concerns so the DSL (and wider members of the safeguarding team such as the SENDCo) can assess whether there are any other vulnerabilities can be identified and proportionate support considered.
- Responds to the immediate health and safety of a learner who is displaying acute mental health distress. This may require support from emergency services via 999 if the learner is at risk of immediate harm.
- The DSL will consider whether a case can be managed internally, through early help, or should involve other agencies as required in line with our multi-agency working procedures.
- Communicates and works with the learner and parents/carers to ensure that interventions are in the best interests of the child.
- The DSL liaises with staff to ensure reasonable adjustments are made and develop ways to support achieving positive educational outcomes.
- Only appropriately trained professionals should attempt to make a diagnosis of a mental health problem – DSLs and the senior leadership team access specialist advice through targeted services.
- We utilise the ID-CAMHS for early intervention and advice.

19 Online safety

Online safety is an integrated and interwoven theme with other safeguarding considerations. The DSL takes a lead on ensuring that interventions are effective. This means coordinating support and engaging with other colleagues in the setting who may have more technological expertise such as the IT team.

Wyvern Academy is committed to addressing online safety issues around content, contact, conduct and commerce. This includes:

- Ensuring that online safety is included in relevant policies and procedures.
- Online safety is interwoven in safeguarding training for staff and safeguarding in the curriculum for learners.
- Acknowledging that child on child abuse can happen via mobile and smart technology between individuals and groups. This should be approached in the same way as other forms of child on child abuse and following **Wyvern Academy's** policy on the use of Online-safety and Acceptable use of IT.
- Provision of education via remote learning will comply with governmental advice [Safeguarding and remote education - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/safeguarding-and-remote-education)
- The effectiveness of the setting's ability to safeguard learners in respect to filtering and monitoring, information security and access management alongside the above will be reviewed annually.
- Preparing children with information for any online challenges and hoaxes, sharing information with parents and where to get help.

- Being alert to emerging online risks, including AI-generated content, deepfakes and ‘nudification’ apps which can be used to create fake sexual images of a child, and the spread of misinformation and disinformation online.
- Helping children understand how to protect their personal information online and think carefully before sharing images of themselves or others.
- **Wyvern Academy** operates as a mobile phone-free environment by default; pupils do not have access to their mobile phone during the school day, including lessons, the time between lessons, breaktimes and lunchtime, other than by exception. [See **Wyvern Academy’s** Online Safety Policy for full details.]
- For concerns around individual cases where a child has been harmed through online mediums, advice and guidance can be made through the **Professional Online Safeguarding Helpline**, T: 0344 381 4772, E: helpline@saferinternet.org.uk
- Where there have been established cases of online abuse or grooming, we will alert - **Child Exploitation and Online Protection command (CEOPS)** <https://www.ceop.police.uk/ceop-reporting/>

20 Gender-questioning children

Wyvern Academy has a statutory duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children, including any child who is questioning their gender, as well as their peers, and will consider the impact of any decision on all children affected. Consideration will be given to risk/needs assessments (further information can be found in KCSIE 2026, para 254-284).

Where a child asks for support with social transition, we will:

- engage parents/carers as a priority and give their views considerable weight, except in the rare circumstances where doing so would place the child at greater risk – in which case the DSL will determine what action is needed to safeguard the child before parents/carers are contacted;
- take a careful approach, recognising that social transition is an active intervention that may have significant effects on a child’s wellbeing and longer-term outcomes, and that primary-aged children in particular are very unlikely to be supported in a full social transition;
- consider what is in the best interests of the child and of other children, drawing on clinical and non-clinical professional advice (for example from the SENCo) where relevant, and taking into account any wider health issues or neurodiversity;
- document the decision-making process and keep records, including where a request is not agreed to ensure that toilets, changing rooms, and boarding/residential accommodation designated for one biological sex are not made available to a child of the other biological sex, including as a form of social transition;
- comply with the setting’s duties under the Equality Act 2010 and the Human Rights Act 1998, considering whether any policy would place a gender-questioning child at a disadvantage relative to other children, and linking this consideration to the setting’s wider inclusion and equality processes.

21 Safeguarding children with medical conditions

An incident relating to the management of a child or young person’s medical condition (including allergies) would not warrant a referral to local safeguarding partners. However, we will make a referral to statutory services where an incident indicates the child may be at increased risk of neglect, abuse or exploitation connected to their medical condition – for example, where relevant medical information is not provided to the setting, or a child is repeatedly sent without essential medication.

Further information: DfE statutory guidance Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions, and Allergy safety in schools (KCSIE 2026, para 252).

22 Specific actions to take on key safeguarding areas

In recognition that the threshold of child protection is ‘likely to suffer’ significant harm, **Wyvern Academy** may need to make a referral to children’s social care. Where possible, this will involve notifying the parent/carer if it does not place the learner or others at further risk of harm or compromise a criminal investigation. In all other circumstances information will be shared in line with section [Information Sharing](#).

It is also important to recognise the importance of liaising with other education settings who may have siblings attending. It is likely that they may hold additional information which will support early identification of harm and in turn develop assessment of need.

Weapons and serious violence

We recognise that success in learning is one of the most powerful indicators in the prevention of youth crime.

All staff are aware of the indicators, which may signal children are at risk from, or are involved with, serious violent crime. These may include increased absence from school, a change in friendships or relationships with older individuals or groups, a significant decline in educational performance, signs of self-harm or a significant change in wellbeing, or signs of assault or unexplained injuries.

Unexplained gifts or new possessions could also indicate that children have been approached by, or are involved with, individuals associated with criminal networks or gangs and may be at risk of criminal exploitation.

- Any member of staff who becomes aware that a pupil is carrying a weapon, has used a weapon, is in possession of a weapon, or has expressed an intention to use a weapon must report this immediately to the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or a deputy DSL.
- Concerns relating to weapons will be treated as safeguarding concerns and assessed by the DSL in line with the school's child protection procedures.
- The DSL will consider appropriate action, including risk assessment, parental involvement, referrals to children's social care, Early Help, and/or liaison with the police where appropriate.
- The school recognises that possession or use of a weapon may be an indicator of serious violence, child criminal exploitation, gang involvement, or other safeguarding concerns and will respond accordingly.

Child Exploitation – both Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)

Wyvern Academy will ensure that early help intervention is provided as soon as a concern of exploitation is identified.

- If the learner is at risk of CSE or there is intelligence which indicates that the learner or peer group are at risk of CSE, **Wyvern Academy** will share information with the relevant police force. This information will support proactive activity to disrupt criminal activity in relation to sexual exploitation.
- If the learner is at risk of CCE information should be shared with the police. Targeted support may be available to disrupt learners from getting involved with criminality.

Further support and information can be found here: [Preventing Child Sexual Exploitation | The Children's Society](#)

Domestic Abuse

All children can witness and be adversely affected by domestic abuse in the context of their home life where domestic abuse occurs between family members. Experiencing domestic abuse can have a serious, long lasting emotional and psychological impact on children. In some cases, a child may blame themselves for the abuse or may have had to leave the family home as a result. Young people can also experience domestic abuse within their own intimate relationships. This form of child-on-child abuse is sometimes referred to as 'teenage relationship abuse'. Depending on the age of the young people, this may not be recognised in law under the statutory definition of 'domestic abuse' (if one or both parties are under 16). However, as with any child under 18, where there are concerns about safety or welfare, child safeguarding procedures should be followed and both young victims and young perpetrators should be offered support.

Operation Encompass is a national operation where local police forces notify education settings when the police are called to an incident of domestic abuse. Education settings will be notified when the police have responded to a domestic abuse incident. This will enable the education setting to take proactive action and reasonable adjustments in relation to behaviour management and achieving positive educational outcomes. When a setting is concerned about the amount of police notifications they receive or disclosures of domestic abuse they should consider seeking further advice and completing an Early Help Assessment or seeking advice from Children's Social Care.

The National Domestic Abuse Helpline can be called free of charge and in confidence, 24 hours a day on 0808 2000 247. [Homepage - National Domestic Abuse Helpline](#) provides guidance and support for potential victims, as well as those who are worried about friends and loved ones. It also has a form through which a safe time from the team for a call can be booked.

Additional advice on identifying children who are affected by domestic abuse and how they can be helped is available at:

- [How to Protect Children From Domestic Abuse | NSPCC](#)
- [What is domestic abuse? - Refuge](#)
- [Safe Young Lives | Young people & domestic abuse - SafeLives](#)
- [Domestic abuse: specialist sources of support - GOV.UK](#)
- [Home: Operation Encompass](#)
- [Dorset Domestic Abuse](#)

Female Genital Mutilation

Mandatory reporting duty: [Click here for government guidance](#)

There is a legal duty for all professionals undertaking teaching work to report known cases of FGM to the police via 101. This is when they:

1. are informed by a girl under 18 that an act of FGM has been carried out on her; or
2. observe physical signs which appear to show that an act of FGM has been carried out.

These cases must be referred to the DSL who will support staff to carry out their duty. It is also advised any referrals made to the police under the mandatory reporting duty is followed up with children's social care, so an assessment of need and support is concurrently considered.

Child Sexual Abuse

Mandatory reporting duty:

There is a legal duty for those taking part in regulated activity to report if they:

- are told that a child (person under the age of 18) has been sexually abused, either by a child or an adult
- witness child sexual abuse in person
- see or hear it in the form of images, videos or audio recordings.

These cases must be referred to the DSL who will support staff to carry out their duty. It is also advised any referrals made to the police under the mandatory reporting duty is followed up with children's social care, so an assessment of need and support is concurrently considered.

Generative AI

Wyvern Academy recognises the safeguarding, data protection and intellectual property considerations arising from the use of Generative AI (whether teacher-facing or pupil-facing) in education. Staff will have regard to the Department for Education's guidance on [Generative artificial intelligence in education](#), and to related sector resources on identifying and mitigating the associated safeguarding risks, when considering the use of AI tools in the setting (KCSIE 2026, paras 167-168). Staff should also be aware that images or videos of a sexual nature generated using AI are treated in the same way as other nudes and semi-nudes for safeguarding purposes.

The Prevent Duty

All schools and colleges are subject to a duty under section 26 of the Counterterrorism and Security Act 2015 (the CTSA 2015), in the exercise of their functions, to have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism". This duty is known as the Prevent duty.

The Prevent duty should be seen as part of schools' and colleges' wider safeguarding obligations. Designated safeguarding leads and other senior leaders should familiarise themselves with the revised [Prevent duty guidance: for England and Wales](#), especially paragraphs 57-76, which are specifically concerned with schools (and also covers childcare).

The guidance is set out in terms of four general themes:

- risk assessment,
- working in partnership,
- staff training,
- IT policies.

Private Fostering

A private fostering arrangement is one that is made privately (without the involvement of a local authority) for the care of a child:

- under the age of 16 years (under 18, if disabled)
- by someone other than a parent or close relative (*Close family relative is defined as a 'grandparent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt' and includes half-siblings and step-parents; it does not include great-aunts or uncles, great grandparents or cousins.)
- with the intention that it should last for 28 days or more.

Cases of private fostering arrangements must be reported to children's social care to ensure that an assessment of need is undertaken and the child's needs are being adequately met.

Statutory guidance states that this should be done at least 6 weeks before the arrangement is due to start or as soon as you are made aware of the arrangements. Not to do so is a criminal offence.

Further support and reasonable adjustments should be made by the education setting to promote achievement of positive educational outcomes.

Young Carers

A young carer is a person under 18 who regularly provides emotional and/or practical support and assistance for a family member who is disabled, physically or mentally unwell or who misuses substances. Support for Young Carers can be accessed by completing an Early Help referral.

Sport and single-sex provision

KCSIE 2026 sets out that schools, further education institutions and 16-19 academies (covered by Part 6 of the Equality Act 2010) may separate children by biological sex for single-sex sport and competitive activity where physical strength, stamina or physique would otherwise create a safety or fairness disadvantage. Some sports may need to be single-sex from a certain age for safety reasons, in which case there must be no exceptions.

Requests relating to how a child participates will be considered against the guidance on 'considering requests for support with social transition', taking into account the best interests of the child, the impact on other children, and the aim of creating a safe and fair environment (KCSIE 2026, paras 97-100).

Toilets and changing rooms

Wyvern Academy will not allow children into toilets, changing rooms, or overnight/boarding accommodation designated for the opposite biological sex, including in response to a request to support social transition. Separate toilets are provided for boys and girls aged 8 and over, and separate changing accommodation for pupils aged 11 and over, in line with the School Premises (England) Regulations 2012 and the Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014.

Where a gender-questioning child does not wish to use the facilities designated for their biological sex, **Wyvern Academy** will consider whether an alternative, self-contained facility can be provided without compromising single-sex provision for other children. Any such arrangements will be recorded, communicated appropriately, and reviewed regularly.

Appendix

Wyvern Academy:

ROLE	Name	Contact Details
Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)	Lauren Clark	lclark@wyvern.email
Deputy DSL	Katherine Seymour Richard Holt Ann-Marie Snell Megan Moran	kseymour@wyvern.email rholt@wyvern.email asnell@wyvern.email mmoran@wyvern.email
Inclusion Lead	Katherine Seymour	kseymour@wyvern.email
Head Teacher	Katherine Seymour	kseymour@wyvern.email
Deputy Head	Oliver Turner	oturner@wyvern.email
Local authority designated officer (LADO)	Lynne Bowman Martha Sharp Lauren Tulk	lado@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk
LA First Response Team or equivalent		Safeguarding and standards team
Chair of Governors	Kevin Floyd	
External Contacts		
Children's Social Care		
To raise concerns and ask for advice about radicalisation (also contact Children's Social Care.		Police Prevent Team - 01202 222777 prevent@dorset.pnn.police.uk Local Authority Prevent Lead – Kris Pearse 01202 868302
To raise concerns and seek guidance regarding the behaviour of an individual who works with children.		Local Authority Designated Officer - (LADO) Allegations Against Staff - Dorset Safeguarding Children Partnership
Child sexual exploitation & child criminal exploitation		Child sexual exploitation Dorset Police Child criminal exploitation Child abuse Dorset Police
Child Missing from Education		Dorset Attendance Service (Inclusion) Dorset Nexus
Children affected by Forced Marriage		Forced Marriage Unit 020 7008 0151 fmu@fco.gov.uk
Online Safety Advice		Professional Online Safeguarding Helpline T: 0344 381 4772 E: helpline@saferinternet.org.uk
Reporting online sexual abuse and grooming		Child Exploitation and Online Protection command https://www.ceop.police.uk/ceop-reporting/
FGM advice		NSPCC FGM Helpline 0800 028 3550 fgmhelp@nspcc.org.uk

Domestic Abuse Helpline	0808 2000 247
Young Carers – advice and support.	Dorset Young Carers Service - Dorset Council Contact the Family Support and Advice Line to discuss what support is available
CAMHS	CAMHS Gateway CAMHS Gateway – CAMHS Dorset Telephone: 0300 0191 770
Whistleblowing professional policy	NSPCC Whistleblowing hotline 0800 028 0285 help@nspcc.org.uk
Advice around harmful sexual behaviour.	Please contact the Family Support and Advice Line on 01305 228558
	3.3.2 Harmful Sexual Behaviour – Dorset SCP Library

Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputies

	ROLE	NAME
1.	Safeguarding Lead	Lauren Clark
2.	Headteacher and DDSL	Katherine Seymour
3.	Assistant head and DDSL	Richard Holt
4.	Parent Support and DDSL	Ann-Marie Snell
5.	14-19 Lead, transitions and DDSL	Megan Moran

Reporting system

Name of school's reporting system	My Concern
Name of administrator in school	Lauren Clark, Ann-Marie Snell, Richard Holt